

B.A. Semester - 6 (CBCS) Examination
March/April-2026 (NEW COURSE)
Foundation English (Foundation (New))

Time: 2:30 Hours**Marks:70****Instructions:**

1. All questions are compulsory.
2. Figures to the right indicate marks.

Que.1 (A) Answer in one sentence: (Any Eight) (08)

- 1) How old were the trees?
- 2) Which tree does the poet refer to in 'Ecology'?
- 3) Where did the author's mother come from in the speech 'Go Kiss the World'?
- 4) How does social isolation begin?
- 5) What plays a key role in the advancement of the human race?
- 6) Who made the mistake of sending this man in heaven?
- 7) What did the man tell the girl about the meaning and the purpose of the picture?
- 8) Who is the poet of the poem 'Stopping by Woods on a Snowy Evening'?
- 9) What according to the poet of 'Life' flits by quickly?
- 10) In 'Life', what does the poet compare the life to?

Que.1 (B) Answer briefly: (Any Four) (08)

- 1) Why did the mother not like Champak tree?
- 2) How does the poet use rain as an example in poem 'Life'?
- 3) How is the social isolation defined as?
- 4) Why did the poet stop in 'Stopping by Woods on a Snowy Evening'?
- 5) How did the man spend his time in Worker's Paradise?
- 6) How can one start to avoid social isolation?

Que.2 Write short notes: (Any Two) (14)

- 1) The balance of good and bad in life referred to in the poem 'Life'
- 2) Causes of social isolation
- 3) Character of the author's mother in the speech 'Go Kiss the World'.
- 4) Value of ecology in 'Ecology' poem

Que.3 (A) Translate into Gujarati: (05)

Man must put a complete full stop to the use of single use plastic. Even the government of India has banned the use of single use plastic. The examples of this are straw, plastic cups, plastic glass, carry bags, plastic spoon, etc. These items are used for a single time. But they affect the environment permanently. They are not biodegradable. We have always an alternate to these things. We should save the mother Earth as early as possible. Say no to plastic use.

Que.3 (B) Translate into English:

(05)

વર્ષ ૧૮૦૦ માં પૃથ્વી પર માનવ વસ્તી એક અબજ હતી. તે વધીને ૧૯૦૦ ના વર્ષમાં ૧.૬ અબજ થઈ. અને ૨૦૨૫ માં તે વધીને ૭.૫ અબજ થઈ ગઈ. જરા વિચારો. પહેલાં ૧૦૦ વર્ષમાં માત્ર ૬૦૦ કરોડ નો વધારો થયો પરંતુ બીજા ૧૦૦ વર્ષમાં ૬૦૦૦ કરોડ નો વધારો થયો. આનાથી પૃથ્વી ઉપર ખુબજ મોટું બાયોલોજિકલ પ્રેશર વધ્યું. એટલે કે વસ્તુઓનો વપરાશ વધ્યો. અને તેથી પ્રદુષણ પણ વધ્યું. જેટલી વસ્તુઓનો વપરાશ ફરજિયાત છે તેટલો જ વપરાશ કરવો. વસ્તુઓનો બગાડ તો ક્યારેય કરવો જ નહિ.

Que.4 (A) Develop the story using the given points. (Any One)

(10)

1) Points:

A greedy man—had a hen—it laid a golden egg daily—the man thought of becoming rich overnight—he killed the hen to take out all the eggs at a time—the conclusion.

2) Points:

A deserted house—many mice(mouses) made it their playground—a cat came there many times—the mice were afraid of cat—they thought of tying a bell to its neck—but who dares to do it—the cat arrived and killed them—the conclusion.

Que.4 (B) E-mail writing:(Any One)

(10)

1) Write an email to the Ajay Modi Tours and Travels in Ahmedabad making inquiry for the tour package for Kashmir during the summer vacation. Also ask for flight, food, hotel and taxi charges.

2) Write an email to the Collector of your district complaining him about the problems of many bumps and narrow roads to all villages. Describe how the narrow roads cause the accidents.

Que.5 Prepare a questionnaire: (Any One)

(10)

1) Prepare a questionnaire on the socio-economic survey of working women in a city.

2) Questionnaire on the living conditions in college hostel.
